## Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Y	Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy							
Inspection Date: 06/04/2015								
Owner Information								
	Name: Thousand Oaks	Contact Person: Home Phone:						
	SE 203 S. Orchard Street	Work Phone:						
City: Ormond Beach Zip: 32174  County: Volusia				Cell Phone:				
	ice Company:			Policy#:				
	f Home: 1984	# of Stories: 1		Email:				
NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.								
the	ilding Code: Was the structure HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Brown A. Built in compliance with the	ard counties), South Florid	da Building Code (SFBC-	-94)?				
	a date after 3/1/2002: Building	g Permit Application Date	(MM/DD/YYY)//_					
L	B. For the HVHZ Only: Built in compliance with the SFBC-94: Year Built For homes built in 1994, 1995, and 1996 provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994: Building Permit Application Date @M@DPYYYYO/_//							
√i	C. Unknown or does not meet	the requirements of Answ	ver "A" or "B"					
OR	of Covering: Scleet all roof co Year of Original Installation/Foring identified.							
	2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FRC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance			
	☑ 1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle			2015				
	2. Concrete/Clay Tile							
	3. Metal							
	□ 4. Buit Up	1_1_		MARIEMANA AMBANARARI LABANA kan ninamani Labana akh ninamani kan ninamani kan ninamani kan ninamani kan ninama				
	5. Membrane	/						
	6. Other	/ /		<del></del>				
L								
L	C. One or more roof covering		-					
ئـا	D. No roof coverings meet the	requirements of Answer	"A" or "B".					
3. <b>Ro</b>	of Deck Attachment: What is	the weakest form of roof	deck attachment?					
	<ul> <li>A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.</li> <li>B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives,</li> </ul>							
V	other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.  C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16" inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of							
	24"inches o.e.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent ctors Initials KS Property Address 203 S. Orchard Street BLDG 1							
Inspec	tors Initials <u>NO</u> Property /	Address ∠U3 S. UFCNE	iru Street BLDG 1					

\*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure. OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155 Page 1 of 4

			great 2 psf.		sistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least		
☐ D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.							
	☐ E. Other:						
	☐ F. Unknown or unidentified.						
	ن				access.		
4.		Roof to Wall Attachment: What is the WEAKEST roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks wis feet of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)					
	$\sqcup$	A.	Toc	Nails			
				Ц	Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or		
					Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D		
	Min	nim	al co	nditio	ons to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:		
				<b>V</b>	Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and		
				M	Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.		
	✓	В.	Clip	S			
				<u>√</u>	Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or		
					Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is seeined with a minimum of 3 nails.		
		C.	Sing	le Wi	raps  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.		
	☐ D. Double Wraps						
					Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or		
				П	Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.		
	Li	E.	Struc	ctural	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.		
	$\sqcup$	F.	Othe	r:			
		G.	Unk	nown	or unidentified		
	L	H. No attic access					
5.					What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).		
	<u>√</u> !	A.	Hip	Roof	Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.  Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet		
		В.	Flat	Roof			
		C.	Otho	r Roo			
6.		А.	SWI shea dwe No S	R (als thing lling SWR.	r Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) to called Scaled Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.		
		Ų.	OHA	uvwi)	or unovernmou.		
ln	spec	tor	s Init	ials _l	KS Property Address 203 S. Orchard Street BLDG 1		
-4. FW							

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7. Opening Protection: What is the weakest form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart			Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors	
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure		X		X	X	X	
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)			X				
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)			·				
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007							
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance				#			
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified							
	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C							
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection	X						

- A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).
  - Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
  - Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203
  - American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
  - Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
  - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
  - For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115
  - LA.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
  - ☐ A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
  - ☐ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
- B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
  - ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile 4.5 lb.)
  - SSTD 12 (Large Missile 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
  - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile 2 to 4.5 lb.)
  - ☐ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
  - △B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
  - ☐ B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
- Li <u>C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007</u> All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).
  - ☐ C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
  - U.C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above
  - ☐ C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

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☐ N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter:	systems with no documentation	n) All Glazed openings are protected with				
protective coverings not meeting the requirements of Answer "A", "B", or C" or systems that appear to meet Answer "A" or "B' with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table above).						
*						
U N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level table above						
☐ N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Lev	el X in the table above					
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glaz	ed openings classified and Leve	1 X in the table above.				
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUALIFIED INSPECTOR.  Section 627,711(2), Florida Statutes, provides a listing of individuals who may sign this form.						
Qualified Inspector Name: Kris Skirrow	License Type: Inspector	License or Certificate #: HI 179				
Inspection Company: Dream Home Inspection LLC	Pho	(386) 383-3270				
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a	: (check one)					
☐ Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statut training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board						
Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida						
General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section	n 489.111, Florida Statutes.					
L! Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida S						
☐ Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida S						
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possed verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statute		o properly complete a uniform mitigation				
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes, or professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015. Florida Statues, must inspect the structures personally and not through employees or other persons.  Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct employee who possesses the requisite skill, knowledge, and experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.  I, Kris Skirrow am a qualified inspector and I personally performed the inspection or (licensed (print name)  contractors and professional engineers only) I had my employee (print name of inspector)  and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.  Qualified Inspector Signature:  Date: 07/02/2015  An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally performed the inspection.						
residence identified on this form and that proof of identification was provided to me or my Authorized Representative.  Signature:						
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form with the intent to obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to which the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)						
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes only and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature as offering protection from hurricanes.						
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Uniform Wind Mitigation Inspection Pictures 203 S.Orchard Street BLDG 1 Ormond Beach. FL

















